



 $\label{lem:conditional} And during the 1980s I was involved in developing commercial holographic products with my colleagues Nigel Abraham and David Pizzanelli.$





We originated embossed hologram masters for several years, supplying clients throughout Europe, and eventually sold the company in 1990. I wanted to stay involved in holography in some way and since I had always been more interested in the art world than anything else, I determined to make a collection of holograms which I could use for exhibitors.

My role model was the German collector, Matthias Lauk, who founded the Museum für Holographie und Neue Visuelle Medien outside Köln. Matthias explained to me that If you want to make exhibitions, you should begin by making a collection so you can work with that, rather than having to borrow work from artists all the time.





It obviously takes a while to build a collection so the first few exhibitions I curated were group shows where artists lent their work but by 1994 I was in a position to make the first small exhibition from my own holdings.



I particularly like to show works in groups of three and the 3x8+1 show was my first attempt

at this. These artists are at the core of my collection and I have included most of them in every group show I have curated.

If you are able to, it is important to collect an artist in depth, so your holdings reflect the development of their work.

By the time I started collection, Margaret Research of the collection of their work.

By the time I started collecting, Margaret Benyon had been producing holograms for over twenty years so there was a bit of catching up to do, but over the years I have managed to acquire pieces from each significant series she created.































Gallery 286 is not entirely devoted to showing holography and I have a busy programme containing all kinds of Contemporary Art.

Have always felt that it was important that prople do not see holography as some weird thing out on its own so I integrate it into my programme allowing housing institution and principles and photography. People in the art world are generally unlamikar with holography and not know how to judge it, so I try to exhibit as much as possible and the capital the difference between hologram and electrically protography, which is now much more prevalent.

Another important influence in my holography; carer was Use Broken. Lee was the first person i met who knew a lot of holographic artists. She curated a maken of important estigation caring the Vision and She Curated an another which brought laternational Holography to the UK. for the first time. Eve was friends with many holographers and make a good calcident on her own is uncapied owner great jees of time her, including two important friends with many holographers and make a good calcident on her own is uncapied owner great jees from her,





Eve Ritscher

and an installation view of the Light Dimensions exhibition at The Royal Photographic Society in Bath

I was also hugely influenced by the activities of Ramon Benito, a Spanish artist based in Madrid, who became excited by holography in the early 190% and alongside making an excellent small collection, set himself the target of curating ten exhibitions in a year as well as publishing catalogues for each one and bringing out a pocket sized magazine which he distributed internationally, He not only managed to achieve all this but also took holography to art fairs in Madrid, attended an ISDH in Lake Torest and Travelled all over turone. I think hed ranks to lot of coffeel





In addition to the shows I put on in my own gallery, I have been invited to exhibit in museums and galleries around the UK, in Europe and the USA













When you start to get serious about collecting it becomes important to document things, so I was excited when, around the time I opened Gallery 2.88, Andy Perger suggested that we collaborate on a website to catalogue my collection and record all the exhibitions I was involved with. This is the original version, which some O you may have without



Last year it got a whole new look with lots of extra content and it is fully searchable. I would really like people to interact with the site more and send me background information about works in the collection.



Because the first ten years of my holographic life were spent largely in the commercial sector. Howe always had an interest in and respect for the type of holography that is produced for a mass market. Clearly it can be just as creative, and technically demanding as fine left holography working in his or the produced for a mass market. Clearly it can be just as creative, and technically demanding as fine left holography working in his or the early happened, 1 set out to expire examples of as many well-designed holography products as could. Consequently the website in section deficiently as montput of the right.



And the treasure chest that is my Cabinet of Holographic Curiosities.

When I tour my collection to museums in the UK I always have some display cases full of the commercial applications of holography and these prove very popular with visitors who can easily relate to the objects they find there and are often surprised to discover that they are all holograms in one way or another.



Introduction







Of course delegates to this conference are in the perfect place to acquire holograms for their collection as we are surrounded by artists and holographers who work in the commercial sector, all of whom have things they might like to self, And, if disposable income is short, a good suggestion is to write to companies that mandacture holograms and ask for sample. If you say that you are a consultant and you need things to show clients, or that you are a student doing reach, you may well find that you receive interesting things in the poot for find that you receive

And what, you might ask, is the main purpose of making collections like mine?

Principally to show people what can be done with holography and to act as a reference source for future generations.

I am frequently visited by students who are interested in holography for a variety of reasons and are unable to see physical
examples of the holograms they have seen illustrated in books or online, anywhere else. The lack of permanent holography
exhibits around the world is a significant factor in the widespread ignorance surrounding the medium.

I began to research how many museums and galleries there might be where you can go and see holograms but did not get much feedback from the community, agant from a German colleague who listed 8 locations in his country, only half of which offered much variety. I would be interested to learn from delegates to this conference of any additions I can make to my list.

Without the ability to see examples of holograms made in the past, practitioners are very likely to make uninspired work and critics and potential collectors may find it hard to judge the quality of what they are seeing. One artworld connoisseur who visited my gallery admitted that he "had to get his eye in" when it came to looking a holograms and another well-known curator who attended a recent exhibition, dearly did not have the vocabulary to express his reaction to the work. After a while, the best he could come up with was to say "Well, it's not stupid," which I took as high praise from someone who, at the start of his visit had told me that he found early holograms "extremely boring", if it had not been for exhibitions like "Light Dimensions", i might well have agreed with him.

I often ask holographers if they can remember the first hologram the ever saw, and they usually can. Those are the sort of moments which can determine a person's future career or turn them into a collector later in life, so I believe that seeing holograms displayed in museums and art galleries is externely important.